

Slide 1

Administrivia

- Reminder: Homework 9 due today.
- Reminder: Quiz 6 Wednesday. Likely topic is `structs`.

Slide 2

Bitwise Operators

- In what we've done so far, we've dealt with most data without needing to know exactly how it's represented in terms of 0s and 1s (though knowing a little about that helps you understand limitations and pitfalls).
- However, for various reasons it can be useful or even necessary to work with individual bits — e.g., working with image data (where a "pixel" is represented by some collection of n -bit fields), or working at a very low level with I/O devices. Some system-specific functions callable from C also take as parameters integers that are the result of combining bits.
- So C, like many programming languages, provides operators to allow that ...

Bitwise Operators and C

Slide 3

- Bitwise “and” (both bits): `&`
- Bitwise “or” (either bit): `|`
- Bitwise “exclusive or” (either bit, not both): `^`
- Bitwise negation/complement (unary operator, flips bits): `~`
- Left and right shifts (specify how many bits): `<<`, `>>`.
- All work on integer types.

Bitwise Operators and C, Continued

Slide 4

- In many programming languages, sizes of integer types are fixed, which can make it easier to do this kind of thing.
- In C, however ... (so you need to be a little careful). (Or if it matters, C99 introduced some fixed-size integer types, in `<stdint.h>`.)

Bitwise Operators and C, Continued

Slide 5

- A typical “use case” for these operators is in working with an integer that’s not really an integer so much as a collection of bits, each with a meaning (flags used to communicate with an I/O device, e.g.).
- Typically define “masks” for individual bits or collections of bits, giving them names (via `#define`) and then use bitwise operators to set, clear, test.
- (Example.)

Bitwise Operators and C, Continued

Slide 6

- As another example of using some of these operators and also of using a `union`, we could write a program to show the bits in a `long`, two ways.
- Trying it, on a 64-bit system and also on a rather old 32-bit system, some results are surprising.

Minute Essay

Slide 7

- What is the result of applying bitwise operators as follows:
 $1110_2 \& 1001_2$ (bitwise and)
 $1110_2 | 1001_2$ (bitwise or)
 $1110_2 \wedge 1001_2$ (bitwise exclusive or)
 $\sim 1110_2$ (bitwise negation)
- Have you seen anything like this in another course? (What?)
- Anything noteworthy to report about Homework 9? (Yes, I asked last time, but only about half the class was present!)

Minute Essay Answer

Slide 8

- What is the result of applying bitwise operators as follows:
 $1110_2 \& 1001_2$ is 1000_2
 $1110_2 | 1001_2$ is 1111_2
 $1110_2 \wedge 1001_2$ is 0111_2
 $\sim 1110_2$ is 0001_2