## Administrivia

- Reminder: Midterm Wednesday. Sample solutions to first two quizzes online; third to be added later today / early tomorrow. Sample solutions to homeworks up through 4 online. I'll post one for Homework 5 later today or early tomorrow.
- Homework 4 grades mailed. Most people did very well!
- Quiz 3 grades again disappointing.
- Update on computers in 388: Our ITS expert is looking at them but no success as of Friday. You can try the startx trick mentioned in e-mail.


## Homework 4 Essays

- Some people found this assignment more difficult than previous ones, but not all — one person thought it was easier than Homework 3.
- Other than that, not much stood out. One person did mention having trouble figuring out how to check for non-integer input. Remember that the sample programs on the course Web site are meant to be helpful!


## Midterm Review

- For number systems, I probably won't ask you to do a conversion; questions will more likely be about what kinds of data can be represented (e.g., an int can't represent 2.5).
- For other topics, questions will likely mostly be like those on quizzes that ask you "what does this code do?" or "write some code to ...".


## Tracing Through Code, Revisited

- To answer questions about what code does, usually useful to trace through its operation.
- Examples...


## Slide 4

## Tracing Code - Recursion Example

- Here is a recursive function (remember that foobar as the name of a function generally means that the person who wrote it for whatever reason didn't want to give it meaningful name):

```
int foobar(int m, int n) {
            if (n == 0)
            return m;
        else
            return 1 + foobar(m, n-1);
}
```

- Asked what it does if called as foobar (5, 2) , you could proceed thus:

```
foobar(5, 2) = 1 + foobar(5, 1)
            = 1 + 1 + foobar(5, 0)
            = 1 + 1 + 5
```


## Tracing Code - Loop Example

- We could write one more loop example: a program to find the largest power of two less than an input number. (power-of-two. cexample on "sample programs" page).
- Tracing through it we'd write down values for variables power and

Slide 6 two_to_power, initially and then after each trip through the loop.

## Programming Tip

- When you declare a variable, think about what it represents and give it a name that reflects that. And then try to make sure the value(s) you assign reflect that. If you can't think of a good name, that might be a sign that you need to rethink?


## Slide 7

- In the power-of-2 example, I chose power to mean the power of two to consider next and two_to_power to represent two to that power.


## "Write Some Code" Questions

- One thing to be clear on is whether you're being asked to write a "complete program" (which will probably prompt the user, get input, and then do something, probably printing some kind of output) or "write a function" (which might not get input or print anything, but if not will likely return a value).


## Slide 8

## Functions, Revisited

- Functions are like math functions, except that they can have "side effects" "black box" idea.
- Function declaration (and definition) give types of parameters (inputs) and return value (output).


## Slide 9

- Calling a function is an expression; evaluating it involves copying actual parameters to parameters in function and executing the function. Value of the expression is what function returns. If function's return type is void, no value is returned. (Might be useful for printing things, e.g.)
- return in function means "exit function with this return value". In main, means "exit program". Return value should be 0 if the program worked, nonzero if not (e.g., invalid input).


## Loops - One More Example

- In class last time I proposed that we try to write a program to convert tabs in input to spaces. That's more complicated than we have time to do today, so a simpler example: Get text input, as many lines as desired, and convert all lowercase to uppercase and print.


## Minute Essay

- None really - just tell me you were here, unless you have questions or concerns about the exam or homeworks?

