Administrivia

 Midterms graded. Homework 1 grades sent by e-mail (to those who have turned in code). Summary of grade information should be coming by e-mail soon.

Homework 3 deadlines extended – design today, code Thursday.
 Homework 4 due dates posted (next week).

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Homework 3 Hints — General

- Remember that most game framework interfaces and classes are generic, so
 to use them you should supply two "type parameters" (your block and entity
 interfaces). Why is it written that way? should start to become clearer with
 this assignment.
- Two groups of methods to define:
 - Methods of two framework interfaces, Player and GameEntity.
 Called once per game tick (normally but you can have it called less often).
 - Methods of appropriate listener interface(s). Called when human player provides input.
- Think about what variables you need in general, if there's something that's
 part of the object's "state" and needs to be used by more than one method, it
 should be an instance variable.

Homework 3 Hints — Drawing Things

Individual blocks and entities: What's drawn is controlled by getImage.
 Blocks all scaled to same size. Entities scaled based on partialSizeX/Y. Positions of entities based on locations.

• "Partial"? The framework allows you to define, for the purposes of moving and scaling, a "partials in whole" number (to allow moving in fractions-of-a-block units).

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Homework 3 Hints — Drawing Things, Continued

- Laying out screens: You can do this in code (probably in your screen class) or using the "screen editor" (brief description and links to more info in writeups for Homeworks 2 and 3).
 - Potential "gotcha": If you set "partials in whole" to a non-default value (in your game setup class), and you want to use the screen editor, you also need to set "partials in whole" in your screen class.
- Notice / recall that not everything has to be part of the playing field: Your game can also include "panels" on any or all four sides. (We won't add those until Homework 6; for now you could consider just printing information to the console.)

Homework 3 Hints — Responding to Input, Moving Around

- Game ticks and keyboard/mouse events aren't particularly in synch.
- So listener methods should probably just record information, to be processed by update method.

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- Look at documentation of (Java library) listener interfaces to know what methods to write. Follow links to find out about other useful classes (e.g., KeyEvent).
- "Move" by changing location. Useful methods in (framework) Location class

Homework 3 Hints — Interacting With Blocks

- At least some code for interacting with blocks goes in player classes. Similarly for other entities. However, good use of block hierarchy can help.
- Example how do you not go through walls?
 (Contrast the "old way" using instanceof versus the "new way" using polymorphism and your interfaces.)

• Interacting with other entities starts in Homework 4, and is done in a similar (but not exactly the same) way.

Abstract Data Types

- "Abstract data type" (ADT) is defined as
 - A set of values.
 - A set of operations on those values.

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• In other words — something that stores data (in an unknown form) and provides a standard interface for dealing with it.

Stack ADT

- Value list of elements.
- Operations push, pop, "empty?"
- Implementing this? might be a good example of
 - Defining a (generic) interface.
 - Writing a class to implement it (using arrays for, um, fun? practice?).
 - Working with exceptions.

Queue ADT

- Value list of elements.
- Operations enqueue, dequeue, "empty?"
- $\bullet\,$ We could implement similarly to what we did for stacks \ldots

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Minute Essay

• How did the midterm compare to what you expected? with regard to length, difficulty, topics . . .