### Administrivia

• Reminder: Homework 6 was due Monday; Homework 7 due today. Accepted without penalty through Monday March 24 (after spring break.)

• Graded work coming soon, I hope, and a summary of grades so far by e-mail.

#### Slide 1

# Mail on UNIX Systems

- Full discussion beyond the scope of this course; we'll talk about some basics / things of interest to end users.
- Two main categories of programs involved:
  - MTA ("mail transport agent") program that delivers mail. Choice made by sysadmin. A well-known one is sendmail.
  - MUA ("mail user agent") program users use to read mail, send mail, etc.
    Many choices. Some have ability to send mail directly; others turn over outgoing mail to another program (e.g., sendmail).

# Mail Delivery

 Normally, mail gets delivered to the system "mail spool". (For @cs.trinity.edu addresses, on Sol.)

 To forward mail elsewhere, create a text file .forward in your home directory. In it put the forwarding address(es). If one of them is \username, one copy goes to regular mail spool. Can also use this to put mail in a file.

• Can also use procmail (more later) to redirect incoming mail.

# Reading and Sending Mail

- Lots of programs you can use to read mail (MUAs). Most allow reading from different sources:
  - System mail spool. (For us, that's on Sol, which doesn't accept regular logins.)
  - Another file (e.g., file in home directory).
  - Server that provides POP3 or IMAP access.
- MUAs also, of course, allow sending mail. Some have built-in support for outgoing mail, usually (?) via SMTP ("Simple Mail Transport Protocol").
   Others turn over outbound mail to system MTA, e.g., sendmail. Not a concern on lab machines, but may be if using mail on your own machine.

Slide 3

### Sending Mail from the Command Line

• Simplest / most primitive program for sending (and reading) mail is mail. Pretty reasonable for sending pre-composed text-only messages. Example:

echo "this is a test" | mail -s "test" bmassing@cs.trinity.edu

- What about attachments? mail doesn't really "do" MIME. Workarounds:
  - Encode files to attach with shar. Recipient pipes message body through unshar.
  - Encode files to attach with uuencode. Recipient pipes message body through uudecode.
- Other text-mode MUAs (e.g., mutt and pine) are also "scriptable" and understand MIME. Example:

echo "here is my file" | mutt -a somefile -s "my file" bmassing@cs.trinity.edu.

### Filtering Mail with procmail

- procmail can be used for many kinds of "filtering" operations on mail. Selected messages can be saved (to files), forwarded, automatically replied to, or passed to other programs.
- On many UNIX systems, you make this happen via a .forward file. On some Linux systems (including Fedora), it happens automatically if you have a file .procmailrc in your home directory.
- Syntax for .procmailrc can be intimidating, but man pages for procmail, procmailrc, and procmailex have examples that can
- One use of procmail is to run all incoming mail through a spam-filtering program, such as spamassassin (installed on Sol).

Slide 6

# Retrieving Mail with fetchmail

 fetchmail is designed to — fetch mail, and turn it over to local MTA for delivery. Can retrieve mail from different sources using different protocols (POP3, IMAP, etc.). Very flexible/configurable.

- Could use this on your own machine to retrieve mail from Sol (and/or other servers), or on lab machines to retrieve mail from other servers. (Probably won't work well to transfer mail from Sol to lab machine.)
- (Historical/cultural aside: A widely-read essay related to open-source software, "The Cathedral and the Bazaar" by Eric Raymond, was based in part on his experiences with fetchmail.)

### MUAs and Other Mail-Related Programs

- Many text-based MUAs: I use mutt; Dr. Howland used to use pine (and Dr. Zhang still does); others include mail and elm.
- GUI-based MUAs include Thunderbird, Evolution, Mail (OS X).
- Also programs to provide Web access to mail e.g., squirrelmail (installed on Sol, "CS Web Mail" on department home page).

Slide 8

# What's Next

• We're about done with the major topics I wanted to talk about.

- So what's next?
  - More about topics already covered (e.g., responses to minute essay about vim).
  - Some miscellaneous useful commands (gnuplot in particular).
  - Some "putting it all together".
  - Something else? Requests welcome!

# Minute Essay

- What programs have you used to read mail? What do you like/dislike about each?
- Of the topics we've talked about so far, what (if anything) do you want to hear more about? shell basics, shell scripts, text editors, makefiles, LATEX? Anything else?

• (And best wishes for a good spring break!)

Slide 10